The Marquis Family of Argyll, Scotland

www.marquisfamilyhistory.com

This site is for anyone with 'Marquis' as a surname whose family origins go back to Scotland, especially Argyll. Marquis (MacMarquis before 1800), 'son of Mark', origins that lay in the lands of the MacDonalds, and the development of a close long-term relationship (particularly, with the Largie MacDonalds of Kintyre) that lasted until the end of the eighteenth century.

During the 16th and 17th centuries, they were a significant bardic family with substantial landholdings in Southern Kintyre. For three centuries male members of the MacMarquis family and their tenants would have fought in endless clan conflicts, civil wars, and Jacobite Rebellions alongside their Largie patrons.

In fact, recent research has revealed that the earliest origins of the MacMarquis family were descended from Norse Vikings who conquered the Western Isles, parts of the west coast of Scotland and large areas of Ireland during the 9th and 10th centuries. Our Gaelic name was Mhic Mharki (MacMarki, later latinised to MacMarcuis), son of Mark, in this case Marcus MacDonald who was killed in Ulster in 1397, as described in my book.

What is new is that through this connection the Marquises were directly related to the Viking rulers of *Innse-Gall*, 'Islands of the Foreigners', the name given to the conquered areas of Scotland and Ireland by the defeated Gaels. The MacDonalds and the MacMarki were originally descended from male Vikings and Gaelic women. In a recently added article to the website, I tell the dramatic story of these early Viking origins which shows that the MacMarki were not only related to the Norse Viking rulers of *Innse-Gall* but also to the Danish Vikings of Jorvic and likely directly related to no other than Ivar the Boneless – the most successful of all the Viking leaders – who was the son of the legendary Ragnar Lodbrok – both of whom featured in the recent TV series *Vikings*. This article tells the full story, see website.

My grandfather, Angus George Marquis, was born in 1901 into a family of **Tarbert** (Kintyre, Argyll, Scotland) fishermen. This family began with marriage of Alexander Marquis and Catherine McCaog in Tarbert in 1818. Alexander had been born on the small island of Cara (just off the west coast of Kintyre) in around 1790. Thus began my journey into the discovery of the Marquis family story.

Island of Cara

Both Alexander's father, Donald, and grandfather, also Alexander, were the tacksmen (chief tenant) for the MacDonalds of Largie, who owned the island of Cara, and both described as traders and smugglers. Grandfather Alexander and his son Donald were still called McMarcus, so grandson Alexander was the first 'Marquis'. Alexander McMarcus (the first identified direct descendant of mine) was married to a cousin of Flora MacDonald of 'Bonnie Prince Charlie' fame, who was also related to the nearby MacDonalds of Largie. Flora actually visited Cara sometime before emigrating to North Carolina in 1774, presumably to visit her cousin, but unfortunately, her brother was killed during this trip in a hunting accident. In fact, there seems to have been some sort of long-term family association between the McMarcus family of Cara and Flora MacDonald's family on South Uist. In 1793, Flora's niece married a John MacMarquis, and Donald McMarcus's daughter, Mary Ann, moved to South Uist in 1829.





We have two references for the McMarcus tacksmen, the first for Alexander during the 1770s and the second for his son Donald in the 1790s, both of which describe them as traders and suspected smugglers, in addition to being the island's leading tenant. Cara's location made it ideal for both trading and smuggling, so apparently, it was the sea rather than the land that was the main source of the island's wealth. Certainly, the tacksman's house on Cara is quite substantial and shows a significant

investment by the then Laird of Largie, perhaps indicating that the McMarcus tacksmen were running a very lucrative, if illegal, enterprise on behalf of their nearby Largie patrons.

Gaelic Bards of Lagan

Cristinus Macmarkys, in 1428, is the earliest named potential candidate for the MacMarquis (Gaelic: Mhic Mharki) family to be so far identified in recorded history, he was a rector at the church of St. Moluag, Trotternish, situated in the MacDonald part of the Isle of Skye. Idiosyncratic spelling meant many versions of the name existed before the standardisation and Anglicisation of Gaelic surnames took hold at the end of eighteenth century.

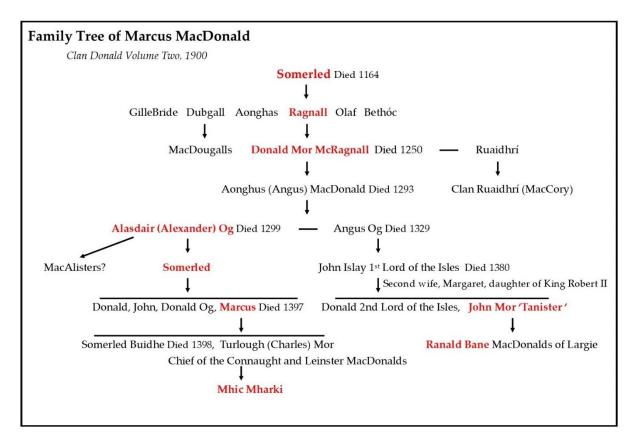


In 1506, John McMarkisch was granted tenancies to lands at **Laggan** and **Kerranmore** in southern Kintyre (see map below) by King James IV – the first recorded appearance of a MacMarki in Kintyre. He was described as a 'carminista', meaning something like a 'singer' or 'versifier', and apparently a member of a notable Gaelic bardic family.



Laggan and Kerranmore, in southern Kintyre

Professor Colm Ó Baoill believes the bardic MacMarki family of Kintyre were probably related to the better-known MacMarki poets of Antrim in Ulster, Ireland. More recently, Dr Pía Coira informed me that the bardic family itself claimed descent from Marcus (*Marcach*) MacDonald, a son of Donald MacDonald, 2nd Lord of the Ilses, although, my recent research suggests there were, in fact, two Marcus MacDonalds around this period, the one we are descended from is Donald MacDonald's great-uncle, Alasdair (Alexander) Og, chief of Clan Donald, 1293-99. Our Marcus was Alasdair Og's grandson.



References for Marcus place him in Ulster, where he was killed in 1397, which might indicate that the Kintyre MacMarki family originated there alongside the Antrim MacMarcuis family of poets. Precision in establishing early medieval family origins in Scotland is especially difficult, few written records have survived and questions of authenticity over much of what does exist. The fact that a sizable number have survived for the MacMarki family - plus the general nature of them indicates that the MacMarki bards and tacksmen occupied a fairly prominent position within the hierarchy of the Gaelic Highland clan system - if not quite MacDonald 'aristocracy'. It appears that some members of bardic families were used by their MacDonald patrons as a sort of hereditary professional bureaucracy with a wide range of responsibilities which, as well as poets and musicians, also included lawyers, clergymen, even physicians. This was certainly the case for the most famous MacDonald bardic family, the MacMhuirichs, who by the 18th century had evolved into clergymen and tacksmen. The McMarcus tacksmen on MacDonald Cara, perhaps suggests a similar trajectory.

The MacMarki family, increasingly referred to by the latinised version of the name, and aspects of the bardic tradition seems to have persisted at Laggan for at least two hundred years. Some of the family even managed

to survive through the 1600s, a century when clan conflict, Civil War, Jacobite rebellions, plague, and famine convulsed the peninsula. Neil McMarqueis was at least one Marquis from the Laggan area who, in 1685, took part in the Jacobite Rising that ravaged Argyll in support of James II (VII of Scotland). The last MacMarcuis to be recorded in the Laggan area was Donald McMarcuis, who appeared in the 1694 Hearth Tax living in Glenadall, in the Mull of Kintyre.

Other Marquis Families in Argyll

Further evidence for the MacMarquis family having a long and some kind of influential presence in the region, comes from the fact that the name features twice in early historical maps of Argyll. First, *Baile Mhic Mharcuis* marking the settlement of the bardic family at Laggan during the 17th century, which would indicate a sizable community for that period. 'Baile' generally refers to a small township. Second, in Nether Lorne, Argyll there is promontory called *Rudha Mhic Mharcuis* overlooking the island of Easdale, again, suggesting a family of some importance having resided in that area for a significant period.

Being a comparatively rare name in Argyll means that it is likely any MacMarquis living there would have been related to the families of Laggan and later Cara. During my research I've come across several MacMarquis family groups throughout Argyll: Dalmally and Glenorchy from 1685; Nether Lorn, southwest of Oban, from 1654; Campbeltown, 1685 until the 1750s and '60s; even a family of ferrymen at Coulport, Rosneath, during the 19th century.



'Laggan is on two 17th century maps as 'Balamack markish' and 'Balamack markyh': the 'Township of MacMarcus'. From one of these CPont's maps of 1610, local historian, Duncan Colville, reckoned that the MacMarcus settlement would have stood on the opposite side of the river from the former farmstead known as Gartgreillan.' Angus Martin.

Tarbert Marquis Family

Alexander Marquis's marriage in 1818 began what would become exactly two hundred years of his decedents fishing the waters of Loch Fyne. During the violent fishing-net conflict (1851-67), his son Dugald, along with many other Tarbert fishermen and even their womenfolk, would be jailed for illegal fishing. With the sinking of the Nancy Glen and the sad death of Duncan MacDougall (whose great grandmother and great uncle were Marquises) in January 2018 – the last of the heirs of Alexander Marquis fishing out of Tarbert – those two centuries came to an end.

The 20th century witnessed the gradual disappearance of the Marquis name from Tarbert, as more of them sought better opportunities elsewhere, creating new branches of the family in other parts of Scotland and beyond. My grandfather left Tarbert during the First World War for an engineering apprenticeship in the Govan shipyards. He later moved to Leicestershire where many of his descendants, including me still live, with others spreading the name to Cornwall, South Wales, and Sunderland in the UK, and onto new continents in the USA and Australia. Many other branches of the MacMarquis family had already migrated to the U.S.A., Canada, Australia, with one branch who still retain the name MacMarquis in India.



For the full story of the Marquises of Argyll, see my recently published book: *The Life and Times of the Marquis Family of Argyll*.

